Exam. Code : 108505 Subject Code : 2772

B.Com. Semester—V BCG–504 : INDIRECT TAX LAWS

Time Allowed—3 Hours] [Maximum Marks—50

Note :— Attempt any TEN questions from Section–A. Attempt any TWO questions each from Sections B and C. Section A carries 10 marks. All questions in Sections B and C carry 10 marks each.

SECTION—A

1. Attempt any **TEN** :

(i) Features of Indirect Tax.

(ii) Explain VAT.

- (iii) Define manufacturer under Central Excise Act, 1944.
- (iv) Explain how ECC is allotted under Central Excise.
- (v) Define goods of special importance.
- (vi) What is a taxable territory under Service Tax?
- (vii) What is a taxable event under Central Excise Act, 1944 ?

(viii) Define MRP under Central Excise.

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- (ix) Discuss Form H.
- (x) Define Input Tax Credit.
- (xi) What is HSN commodity description?
- (xii) Define Stock Transfer.

SECTION-B

- 2. Explain the law relating to valuation of excisable goods for the purpose of charging Excise Duty.
- 3. What are the exemptions available to a SSI unit from payment of Excise Duty ?
- 4. Differentiate between Sales Tax and VAT. Also explain the methods of levying VAT.
- 5. A Ltd. is a manufacturer of product Z. Assessee has manufactured 2,000 pieces with invoice price of Rs. 500 per piece. He offers 20% discount to wholesalers. During the year, he sold :
 - (a) 1,000 pieces in Wholesale.
 - (b) 600 pieces in Retail.
 - (c) 100 pieces were distributed as free sample.
 - (d) Balance 300 pieces were in stock.

Rate of Excise Duty 12.5%.

Cost of Production Rs. 100.

Calculate Assessable Value and Excise Duty Payable.

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SECTION-C

- 6. Discuss the provisions regarding collection and recovery of Service Tax.
- (a) Explain the benefits of registration under CST Act, 1956.
 - (b) Discuss the different categories of Sales under CST Act, 1956.
- 8. Explain the list of inclusion and exclusion to sale price under CST Act, 1956.
- 9. A Ltd. deals in two goods A and B. G.T.O. is Rs. 8 lakhs and 18 lakhs for A and B. LST is 3% and 12% respectively. Calculate T.T.O. and CST :
 - (i) Out of Sale of Product A, the buyer furnished form C for the Sale of Rs. 2 lakhs. The contract was on CIF basis and the price includes Freight of Rs. 10,000 (not shown separately) in the bill.
 - (ii) Out of the Sale of B, a Sale of Rs. 12 lakhs includes Packing Charges of Rs. 20,000 and Transit Insurance of Rs. 1,00,000 (charged separately). Form C was received for these Sales.
 - (iii) Out of the balance of Rs. 6 lakhs of Product B :
 - (a) Original form C was lost in transit but Xerox copy of form C has been received for sale of Rs. 2,00,000.

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- (b) One form C was not traceable so the buyer sent another form C marked duplicate for sale of Rs. 1,00,000.
- (c) Form C was received for sale of Rs. 1,50,000.
- (d) Balance sale of Rs. 1,50,000 were covered in 8 invoices to one customer. The customer gave one declaration for the eight invoices.

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